### Capital Project 0966

Step 2 Stakeholder Presentation: Identifying the need and solution options

**June 2018** 



#### **Agenda**

- How do we plan for the future electricity need?
- How do we develop solutions and reinforcements?
- Project Drivers
- Need Identified
- Technology Overview & Long list of options
- Proposed refined Long List
- Next steps



# How do we plan for the future electricity need?

- Tomorrow's Energy Scenarios
  - Four scenarios developed
  - Published in July 2017 after nine weeks public consultation

- Capital project 0966 need
  - Drivers for the need are consistent with scenarios



Scenario Planning =
better forecast how
electricity
generation and
consumption
change over time



# How do we plan for the future electricity need?

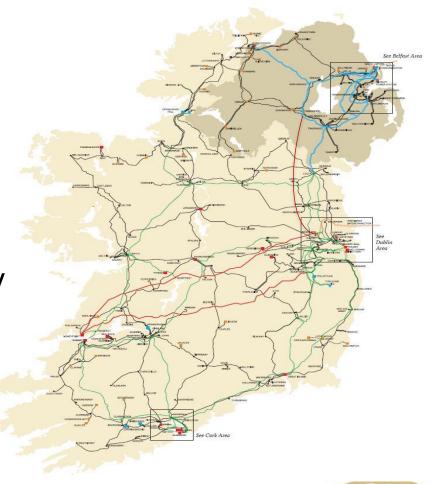
 Transmission System Security & Planning Standards (TSSPS)

- Technical criteria and standards to which we adhere
- Sets out the adequacy tests of network security for a number of common and less common situations



#### Map of Transmission System

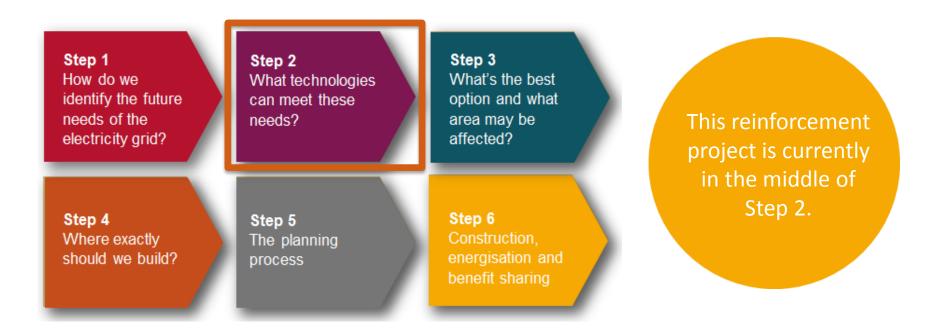
- Legend
  - 110 kV Black lines
  - 220 kV Green lines
  - 400 kV Red lines
  - NI has 132 kV and 275 kV





# How do we develop solutions and reinforcements?

Framework for Grid Development\*



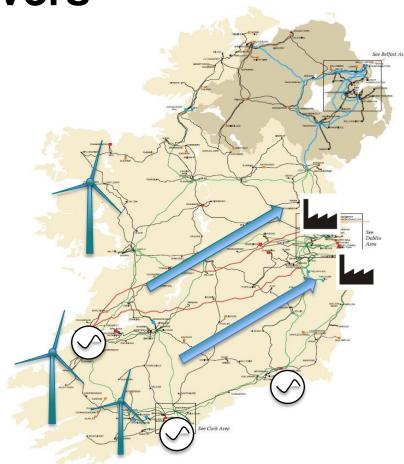


**Project Drivers** 

- Increased demand on the East coast
  - Natural growth & connection agreements
- Integration of generation
  - Renewable and conventional generation in South and West of the island

Drivers introduce large cross-country power flows to the East coast.

Issues transferring this power within counties Dublin, Kildare and Meath





#### **Need Identified**

- These drivers cause three power system issues that need to be resolved:
  - Voltage Collapse
  - Thermal Overloads
  - Phase Angle Issues
- This happens when:
  - Either of the 400 kV circuits from the West are lost
  - When a circuit is out for maintenance and then another is lost

This affects security of supply and has to be addressed





# Technology overview & Long list of Options

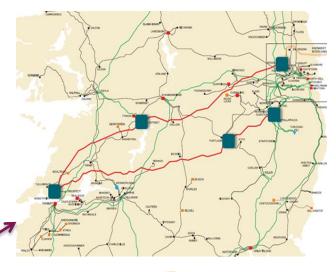
 The Technology Overview took account of the following to create the long list of options:

Voltages of 220 kV and 400 kV Underground cable and overhead line

Range of technologies providing reactive power

A range of connection points on or around the 400 kV network

Alternating Current (AC) and Direct Current (DC)



15 different solution options in long list



### Long list of solution options

Options	Technical Performance	Economic Performance	Combined Performance in Part A
New Coolnabacky - Dunstown 400 kV OHL			
New <u>Dunstown</u> – <u>Moneypoint</u> 400 kV OHL			
New second Oldstreet - Woodland 400 kV OHL			
New Moneypoint - Woodland 400 kV OHL			
Upvoltage existing 220 kV circuits to 400 kV to create new Dunstown – Woodland 400 kV OHL			
New <u>Dunstown</u> – Woodland 400 kV OHL			
Upvoltage existing 220 kV circuits to 400 kV to create new Kilpaddoge-Killonan-Shannonbrige 400 kV OHL			
New Coolnabacky - Oldstreet 400 kV OHL			
New <u>Dunstown</u> – Woodland 220 kV OHL			
New Moneypoint - Woodland 220 kV OHL			
New Maynooth - Woodland 220 kV OHL			
New <u>Dunstown</u> – Woodland 220 kV UGC			
New <u>Dunstown</u> – Woodland 400 kV UGC			
New HVDC circuit between Moneypoint - Woodland			
New HVDC circuit between <u>Dunstown</u> – Woodland			



**Proposed refined Long List** 

- Long list was assessed using two criteria:
  - Technical performance
  - Capital Cost

Stakeholders to feed into proposed refined list

- Best performing options connects the stations
   Woodland in Co. Meath and Dunstown Co.
   Kildare
- The proposed refined list of options:
  - up voltage existing 220 kV circuits to 400 kV
  - new 400 kV overhead line
  - new 220 kV overhead line
  - new 220 kV underground cable
  - new 400 kV underground cable

Stakeholders to feed in to proposed refined list

Five options proposed for refined list

Best performing options:
Connects stations
Woodland and
Dunstown



#### **Next Steps in Step Two**

- Stakeholders to feed into proposed refined list and feedback reviewed
- Remaining options will be assessed using five criteria:
  - Technical performance
  - Economic performance
  - Environmental aspects
  - Deliverability aspects
  - Socio-economic aspects
- Refine options to short list of best performing options to bring to Step Three for further analysis
- A short list will be known by end of September

Aim
of Step Two is to
present a short
list of best
performing
options

Expected
project will
move into Step
Three in
September
2018

