



### Introduction to EirGrid

- EirGrid operates and develops the electricity grid in Ireland. We send power from where it is generated to where it is needed.
- We are owned by the Irish Government, and we are a regulated utility. This means we operate solely for the benefit of the electricity user.
- We do not generate electricity we bring it from generators across the grid. We also operate some interconnectors with neighbouring electricity grids.





### Introduction to EirGrid

- We run the wholesale electricity market. This ensures electricity is always available at the most economic price possible.
- We do not own the electricity grid, and have no vested interest in adding to it.
- We only upgrade or add to the grid in response to government policy, or where it is an essential response to secure Ireland's electricity supply.



### What is the Kildare Meath Grid Upgrade?

- Connect Woodland in County Meath and Dunstown in County Kildare
- Integrate electricity generators (renewable and conventional)
- Serve growing demand in the East
- Introduce large cross-country power flows to the East
- Better distribute power within Kildare, Meath and surrounding counties





### What has happened so far?

#### Step 1

How do we identify needs of the electricity grid?

#### Step 2

What technologies can meet these needs?

#### Step 3

What's the best option and what area may be affected?

#### Step 4

Where exactly should we build?

#### Step 5

Apply for planning permission.

#### Step 6

Construct, energise (make live), and share benefits.

#### **Step 1 (2018)**

Identified the need for the Kildare-Meath upgrade

#### **Step 2 (Nov 2018 – Feb 2019)**

Short list of options identified, and consulted on, with a combination of overhead line and underground option.

#### **Step 3 (April 2021)**

5 options consulted on and a 400kV underground cable identified as the best performing option.

#### **Step 4 (current step)**

Identification of potential underground cable route options



### How do we plan route options?

We follow a set of guidelines called routing principles

We take into account constraints

We listen to feedback from the community



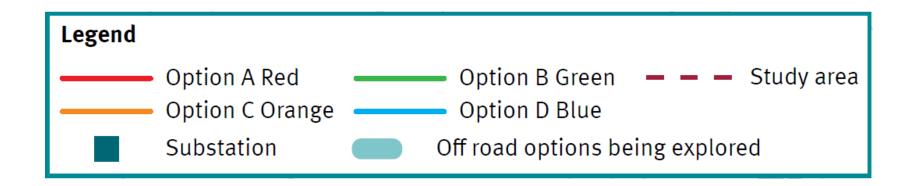
### What is common to the route options?

- Woodland Station all routes start here
- Dunstown Station all routes travel here
- Royal Canal and Grand Canal crossings all routes cross here
- We will need to cross some or all of the following:
  - the Rye Water,
  - River Liffey.
  - Dublin-Sligo railway line,
  - Dublin-Cork (and others) railway line,
  - the M4 motorway,
  - the N7 national road and
  - the M7 motorway.

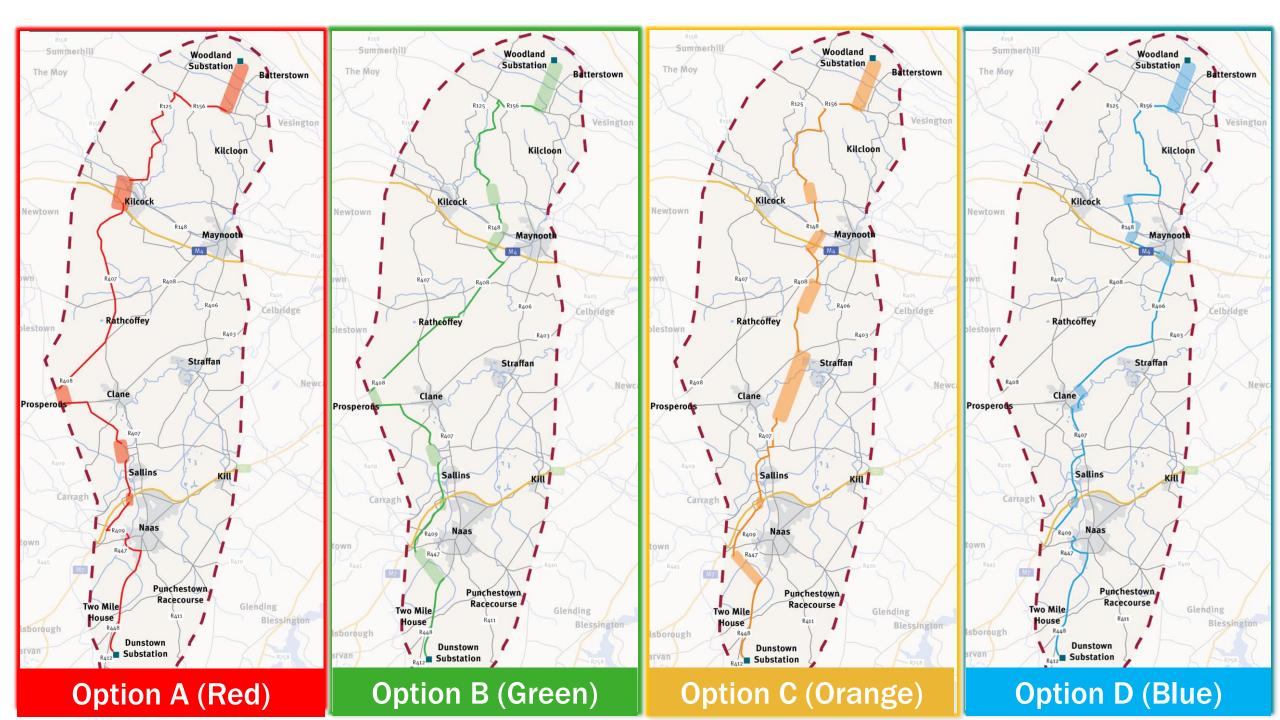


### Off-road corridors

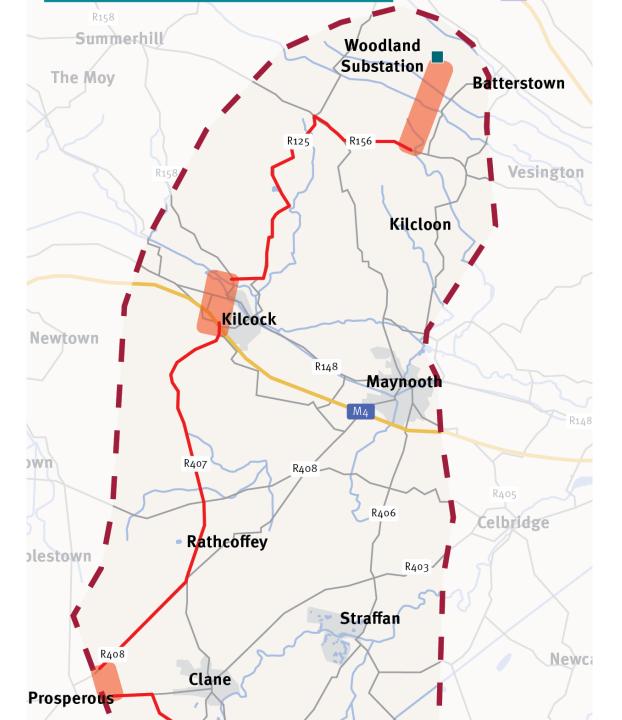
- Most of the cable can be laid in the existing road network.
- Each option will require some cable to be off-road.
- We highlight corridors on the route option maps because we don't have an off-road route agreed.
- We will avoid agricultural land as far as possible and utilise land perimeters.





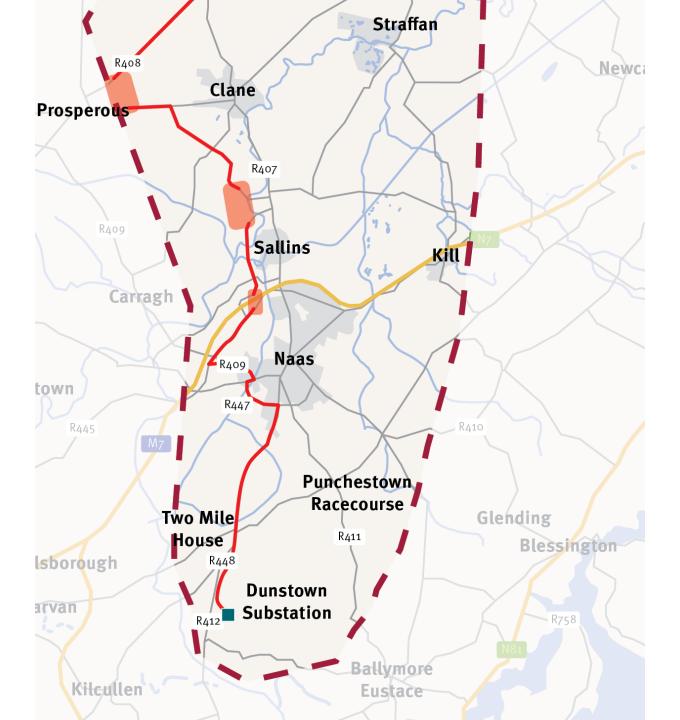


# Option A (Red)



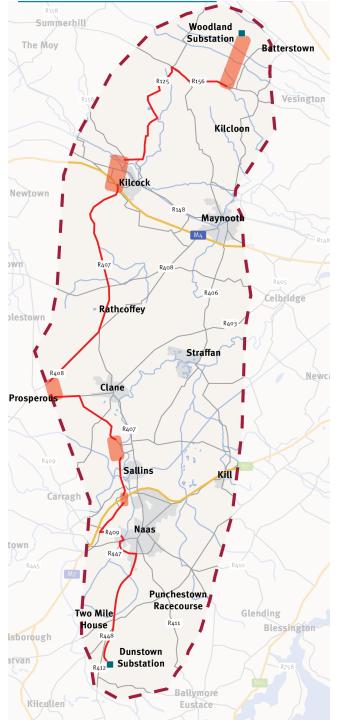


# Option A (Red)



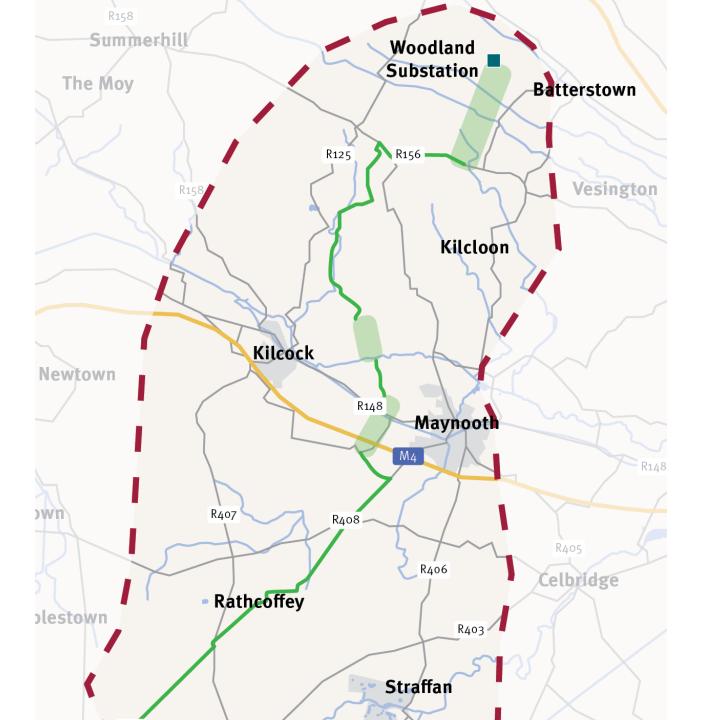


# Option A (Red)



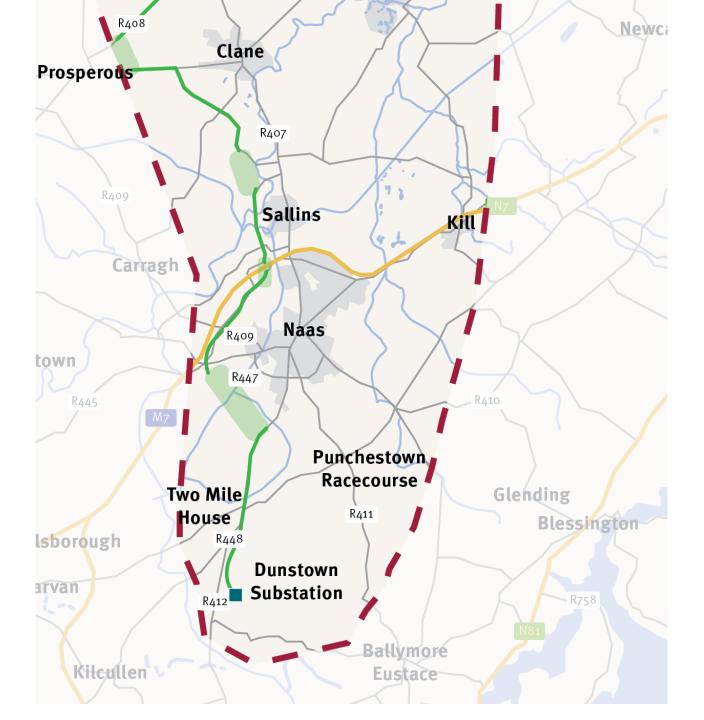


## Option B (Green)



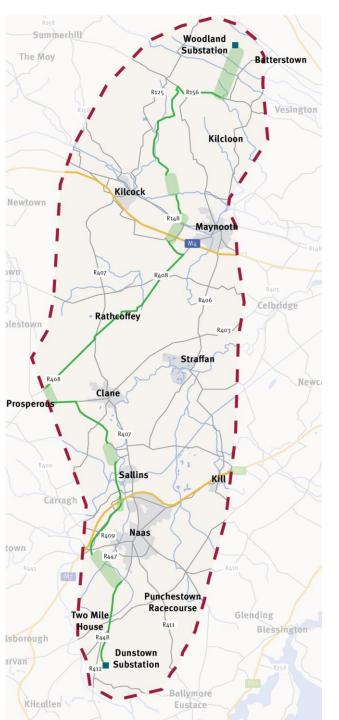


# Option B (Green)



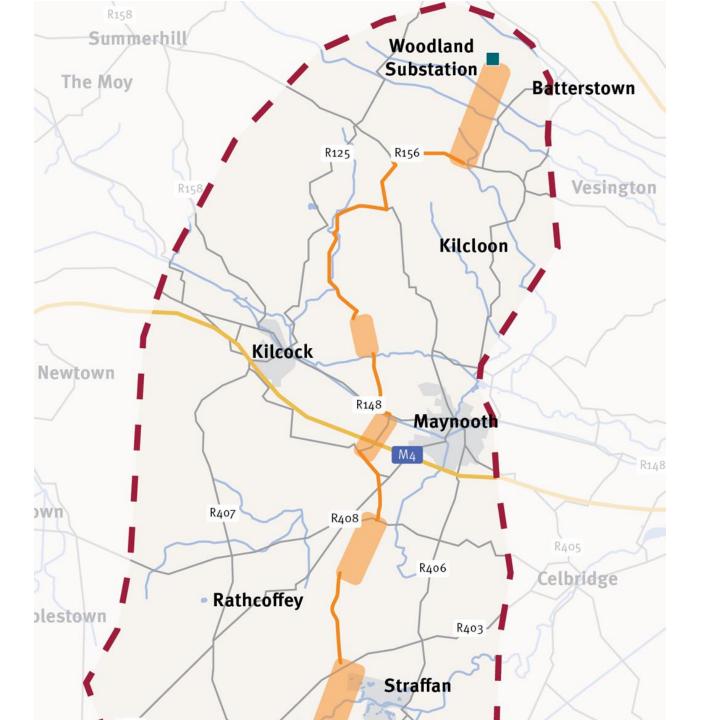


# Option B (Green)



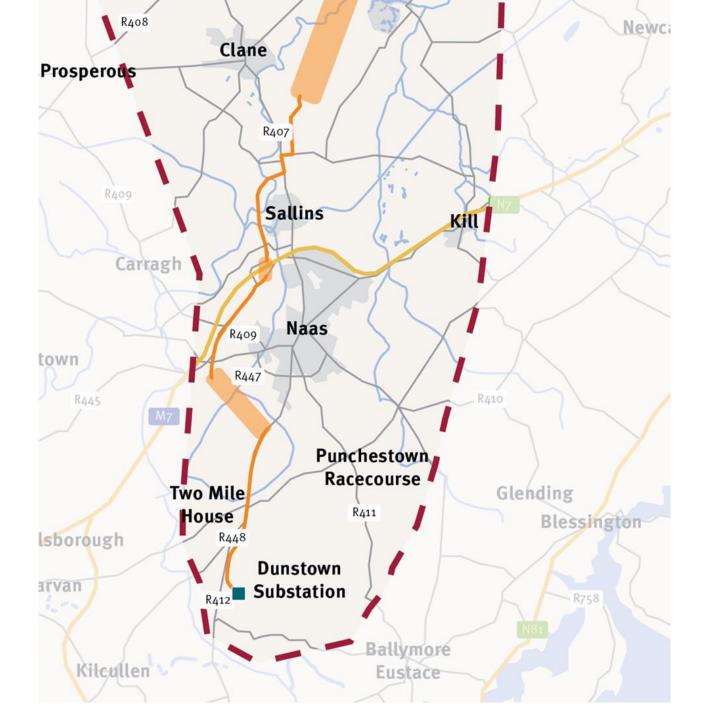


# Option C (Orange)



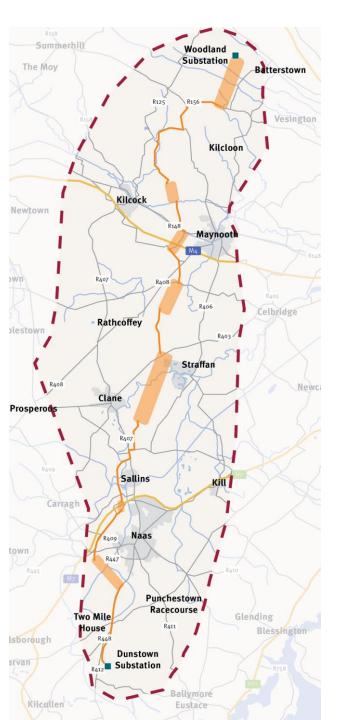


## Option C (Orange)



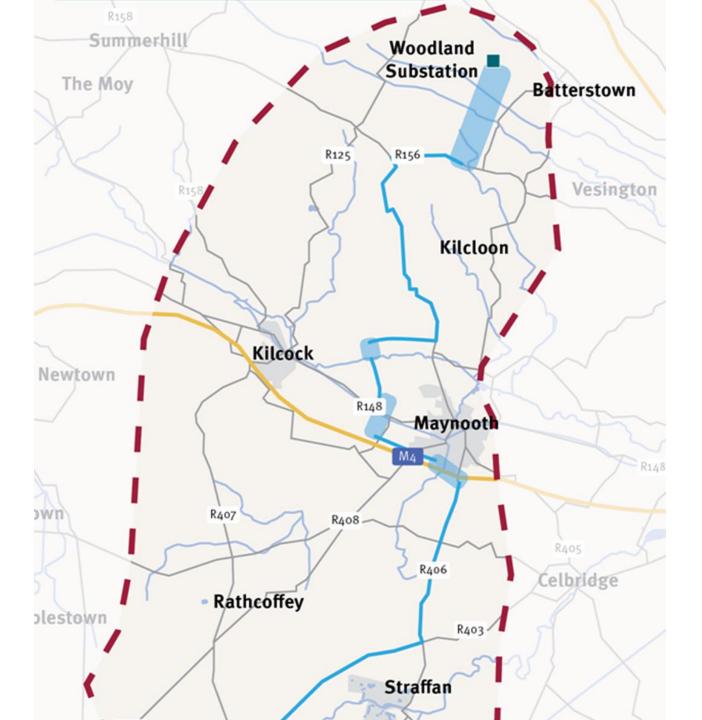


# Option C (Orange)



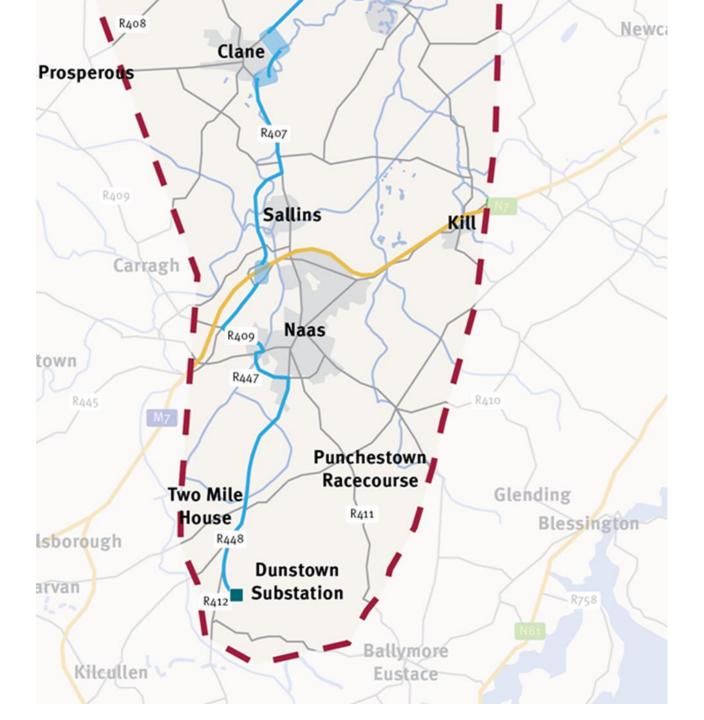


## Option D (Blue)



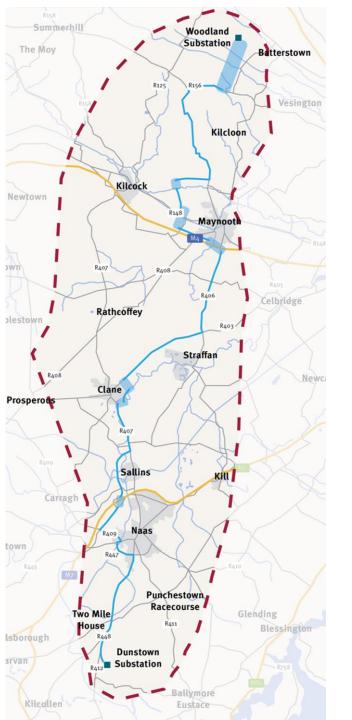


## Option D (Blue)





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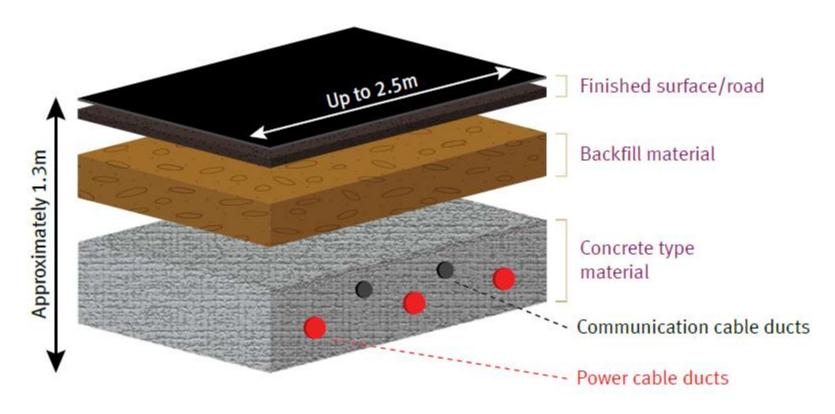




### At a glance comparison

	Option	Estimated overall length (km)	Estimated off-road sections (km)	Environmental impact	Social impact and potential disruption during construction	Meets technical requirements	Other notable points
	Option A (Red)	51	5	Low	Low- moderate	Yes	Travels to the west of Kilcock village, longest route, but it affects the least amount of agricultural land of all options.
	Option B (Green)	50	8	Low-moderate	Moderate- high	Yes	Travels through Rathcoffey and Moortown.
	Option C (Orange)	47	13	Low-moderate	Moderate- high	Yes	Shortest cable but it affects the most agricultural land of all options.
	Option D (Blue)	51	6	Low	Low- moderate	Yes	

### The underground cable



- High Voltage Alternating Current (HVAC)
- 400 kV

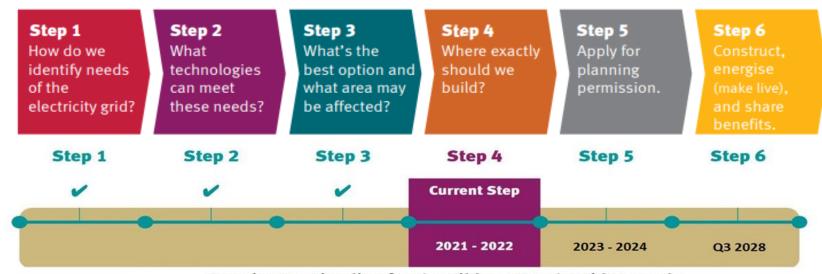


### What does construction look like?





### Kildare Meath Grid Upgrade Programme



Our six-step timeline for the Kildare-Meath Grid Upgrade

#### High level programme milestones

Q1 2022: Publication of Public Consultation Report

Q2 2022: Public announcement of chosen route

Q2 2023: Submit planning application

2024 / 2027: Planning Grant, Design, Procurement, Construction

2028: Energisation



### Submit your views



Make a submission or complete the questionnaire at: consult.eirgrid.ie/



Send an email to KildareMeath@eirgrid.ie



Send your submission by post:
Kildare Meath Grid Upgrade,
EirGrid, Freepost FDN 5312,
160 Shelbourne Road,
Ballsbridge, D04 FW28



Deadline is 22 November

